# The Roar of the Damned

# Introduction

Suicide, with their raw power and defiant sound, left an undeniable mark on the music world, becoming icons of the punk subculture. This book delves into their journey, their impact on music, and their enduring legacy.

From the gritty streets of New York City in the 1970s, Suicide emerged as a force to be reckoned with. Comprised of Alan Vega and Martin Rev, the duo's unique blend of punk, electronics, and industrial music challenged conventions and pushed boundaries. Their music was a cacophony of noise and dissonance, yet it possessed an undeniable energy and urgency that captivated audiences. Suicide's influence extended far beyond their own music. They were pioneers of the No Wave movement, a short-lived but influential scene that rejected the mainstream and embraced experimentation. Their music inspired countless artists, from Sonic Youth and the Red Hot Chili Peppers to Nine Inch Nails and Lady Gaga.

Beyond their music, Suicide was known for their provocative stage performances and controversial antics. They often performed in full body suits and gas masks, and their shows were often characterized by chaos and violence. This confrontational approach alienated some, but it also drew a devoted following who appreciated their willingness to challenge norms and push the boundaries of artistic expression.

This book explores the many facets of Suicide, from their early days in New York City to their rise to prominence and their lasting impact on music. It features interviews with band members, contemporaries, and critics, offering a comprehensive look at one of the most influential and enigmatic bands in punk history.

# **Book Description**

In the annals of punk history, Suicide stands as a singular force, a band that defied categorization and left an indelible mark on music and culture. This book delves into the world of Suicide, exploring their journey from the underground clubs of New York City to their status as icons of the punk subculture.

Formed in the early 1970s by Alan Vega and Martin Rev, Suicide emerged from the vibrant and chaotic New York punk scene. Their music was a raw and abrasive assault on the senses, a cacophony of noise and dissonance that challenged conventions and pushed boundaries. Yet, amidst the chaos, there was a undeniable energy and urgency that captivated audiences.

Their music transcended genres, incorporating elements of punk, electronics, industrial, and even musique concrète. They were pioneers of the No Wave

4

movement, a short-lived but influential scene that rejected the mainstream and embraced experimentation. Suicide's sound was both confrontational and hypnotic, a testament to their willingness to challenge norms and push the boundaries of artistic expression.

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# **Chapter 1: Echoes of a Lost Era**

#### **The Birth of Punk**

In the midst of social upheaval and economic decline, a new sound emerged from the underground, challenging the status quo and redefining the boundaries of music. Punk, born in the mid-1970s, was a raw, aggressive, and unapologetic genre that reflected the disillusionment and frustration of a generation.

The birth of punk can be traced back to the mid-1960s, when a new wave of rock bands began to experiment with heavier, more distorted sounds. Bands like the Velvet Underground, the Stooges, and MC5 pushed the boundaries of what was considered acceptable in popular music, paving the way for the emergence of punk.

By the early 1970s, a network of small, independent record labels had sprung up, providing a platform for

bands to release music outside of the mainstream. These labels, such as Stiff Records in the UK and Bomp! Records in the US, played a crucial role in the development and dissemination of punk music.

The first wave of punk bands emerged in New York City and London, two cities that were hotbeds of artistic and cultural experimentation. In New York, bands like the Ramones, Television, and Blondie helped to define the sound of punk, while in London, bands like the Sex Pistols, the Clash, and the Damned were pushing the genre in new directions.

Punk music quickly spread to other cities around the world, inspiring a new generation of musicians to pick up their instruments and express their own frustrations and disenfranchisement. Punk became a global phenomenon, uniting people from all walks of life under a shared banner of rebellion and selfexpression. The birth of punk was a pivotal moment in music history, marking a radical departure from the mainstream rock and pop music of the time. Punk bands challenged conventions, broke down barriers, and paved the way for a new era of musical experimentation and innovation.

# **Chapter 1: Echoes of a Lost Era**

## Max's Kansas City and CBGB's

In the heart of New York City's vibrant East Village, two legendary venues emerged as epicenters of the punk rock revolution: Max's Kansas City and CBGB's. These clubs became the breeding ground for some of the most influential and groundbreaking bands of the era, including Suicide.

Max's Kansas City, located at 213 Park Avenue South, was a former jazz club that transformed into a haven for counterculture and artistic expression in the late 1960s. With its dim lighting, red velvet curtains, and intimate atmosphere, Max's became a magnet for musicians, artists, and writers seeking a stage to showcase their talents.

CBGB's, short for Country, Bluegrass, and Blues, was a former biker bar on the Bowery that underwent a musical metamorphosis in the early 1970s. Under the 10 ownership of Hilly Kristal, CBGB's became a haven for punk rockers, providing a platform for bands like the Ramones, Television, Blondie, and Talking Heads to hone their sound and gain a following.

Both Max's Kansas City and CBGB's played a pivotal role in the development of the New York punk scene. They provided a space for experimentation, collaboration, and the exchange of ideas. The clubs became a melting pot of musical genres, where punk, new wave, and no wave converged, creating a fertile ground for innovation and creativity.

Suicide was one of the many bands that found a home at Max's Kansas City and CBGB's. Their raw, confrontational sound and unconventional performances captivated audiences, making them a staple of the New York punk scene. The band's music challenged conventions and pushed the boundaries of what was considered acceptable in popular music. The legacy of Max's Kansas City and CBGB's is undeniable. These venues played a crucial role in the rise of punk rock and helped launch the careers of some of the most influential musicians of the 20th century. Their impact on music and culture continues to be felt to this day, inspiring new generations of artists and shaping the sound of modern music.

### **Chapter 1: Echoes of a Lost Era**

#### **The Rise of Suicide**

In the vibrant and chaotic landscape of New York City in the 1970s, a new sound emerged from the underground, challenging conventions and pushing the boundaries of musical expression. Suicide, a duo comprised of Alan Vega and Martin Rev, stood at the forefront of this sonic revolution, their music a raw and abrasive assault on the senses.

Their journey began in the Lower East Side, a neighborhood teeming with artistic energy and experimentation. Amidst the punk explosion that was sweeping the city, Suicide carved out their own unique niche, their music a fusion of punk's raw energy, electronic experimentation, and industrial noise.

Suicide's live performances were as confrontational as their music. Clad in full body suits and gas masks, they took to the stage with an intensity that was both captivating and unsettling. Their shows were often characterized by chaos and violence, with Vega's erratic movements and primal screams creating an atmosphere of unhinged energy.

Despite their unconventional approach, Suicide quickly gained a devoted following among those who appreciated their willingness to challenge norms and push the boundaries of artistic expression. Their music resonated with those who felt alienated from the mainstream, who found in Suicide's uncompromising sound a reflection of their own frustrations and anxieties.

As their popularity grew, Suicide's influence extended beyond the confines of New York City. They became pioneers of the No Wave movement, a short-lived but influential scene that rejected the mainstream and embraced experimentation. Their music inspired countless artists, from Sonic Youth and the Red Hot Chili Peppers to Nine Inch Nails and Lady Gaga.

14

Suicide's rise to prominence was a testament to their unwavering commitment to their art, their willingness to challenge conventions, and their ability to connect with those who felt alienated and misunderstood. Their music remains a powerful and enduring force in the world of punk and experimental music, a reminder of the transformative power of artistic expression. This extract presents the opening three sections of the first chapter.

Discover the complete 10 chapters and 50 sections by purchasing the book, now available in various formats.

# **Table of Contents**

**Chapter 1: Echoes of a Lost Era** - The Birth of Punk -Max's Kansas City and CBGB's - The Rise of Suicide -New York in the 1970s - The Ramones and the New York Dolls

**Chapter 2: Suicide's Raw Power** - Alan Vega and Martin Rev - Their Unique Sound - The Music of Suicide - The Importance of Suicide - The Legacy of Suicide

**Chapter 3: Alan Vega's Journey** - Alan Vega's Early Life - His Influences - His Time with Suicide - His Solo Career - His Death

**Chapter 4: Martin Rev's Journey** - Martin Rev's Early Life - His Influences - His Time with Suicide - His Solo Career - His Current Work

**Chapter 5: Suicide's Impact on Music** - Suicide's Influence on Punk - Their Influence on New Wave -Their Influence on Post-Punk - Their Influence on Industrial - Their Influence on Noise **Chapter 6: Suicide's Legacy** - The Importance of Suicide - Their Place in Music History - Their Influence on Contemporary Artists - Their Cultural Impact - Their Enduring Appeal

**Chapter 7: Suicide's Fashion and Style** - The Importance of Fashion in Punk - Suicide's Unique Fashion - The Impact of Suicide's Fashion - Suicide's Fashion Today - The Importance of Style in Punk

**Chapter 8: Suicide's Controversies** - Suicide's Early Controversies - Their Later Controversies - The Impact of Suicide's Controversies - Suicide's Controversies Today - The Importance of Controversy in Punk

**Chapter 9: Suicide's Collaborations** - Suicide's Collaborations with Other Musicians - Their Collaborations with Artists - Their Collaborations with Writers - Their Collaborations with Filmmakers - The Importance of Collaboration in Punk

**Chapter 10: Suicide's Future** - The Legacy of Suicide -Suicide's Influence on Contemporary Music - The Future of Suicide's Music - The Future of Suicide's Legacy - The Enduring Appeal of Suicide This extract presents the opening three sections of the first chapter.

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